Health Products

Sales of most over-the-counter drugs, medicines and health products are taxable. There are exemptions for prescription drugs, diabetic supplies, analgesic products, therapeutic and prosthetic devices and several other health-related items used by humans. The following sections provide information on various taxable and exempt health products.

Prescription drugs

Prescription drugs and medicines are exempt from sales tax. Over-the-counter drugs, including vitamins and minerals, are usually taxable, unless one of the following applies:

- They are prescribed in writing by a licensed physician. A licensed physician means a medical doctor or osteopath licensed under Minnesota Statute 62A.46, Subd. 7, to prescribe drugs or medicines to a person. Chiropractors are prohibited from prescribing drugs or medicines.
- They are purchased by a licensed health care facility for administering to patients.
- They are analgesics, as described below.

Analgesics

Products made up mainly of aspirin (acetylsalicylic acid), acetaminophen (for example, Tylenol), or ibuprofen (for example, Advil), ketoprofen (for example, Orudus KT), naproxen (for example, Aleve) and other nonprescription analgesics approved by the U. S. Food and Drug Administration are exempt. To be exempt, these products must be for internal use, not for topical application. Products that have a combination of ingredients, such as cold tablets, are exempt if they are made up *mainly* of one or more of these products, determined by weight of all ingredients.

Prosthetic devices

Prosthetic devices are exempt from sales and use tax. A prosthetic device replaces an injured, diseased or missing part of the human body, either temporarily or permanently. Hearing aids, artificial limbs, walkers, crutches, wheelchairs and similar electric carts are examples of exempt prosthetic devices.

Therapeutic devices

Therapeutic devices are exempt from sales and use tax. A therapeutic device must be used in the preservation of

health and must also be used to cure or heal. To be considered a therapeutic device, an item must meet all of the following criteria:

- it is used primarily and customarily for medical purposes:
- it is generally useful only in the presence of illness, injury, or physical incapacity; and
- it is attached or applied to the diseased or injured body part or administers a curative agent. Examples of items that administer a curative agent include hypodermic syringes to inject medications, oxygen delivery systems, and IV equipment.

Diagnostic items

Diagnostic equipment is taxable. Most diagnostic agents are taxable. There are three exceptions:

- Fever thermometers are exempt.
- Products used to diagnose, monitor and treat diabetes (blood glucose monitoring machines, blood glucose test strips, finger-pricking devices, lancets and syringes) are also exempt.
- Contrast media administered to patients is exempt.

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Corporate and Sales Tax Division - Mail Station 6330 - St. Paul, MN 55146-6330 Phone: 651-296-6181 Minnesota Relay (TTY) 711

This fact sheet is intended to help you become more familiar with Minnesota tax laws and your rights and responsibilities under the laws. Nothing in this fact sheet supersedes, alters, or otherwise changes any provisions of the tax law, administrative rules, court decisions, or revenue notices. Alternative formats available upon request.

Exempt products

The following items are examples of exempt products:

Abdominal belts and supports Ace bandages Accuback (cushion for wheelchair) Acupuncture needles Adult diapers, briefs, and inserts (cloth or disposable) Air splints Alternating pressure pads (help eliminate bed sores) Analgesics (see page 1) Agua K pumps and pads (heating pad for circulation) Arch supports Arm slings Arterial prostheses (artificial arteries implanted into humans) **Aspirins** Aspirators (suction pumps) Athletic supporters Baby lotion, oil, powder, shampoo, bottles, ointments, pacifiers, rubber pants, syringes, teething rings, thumb sucking preventatives, diapers (cloth or disposable), diaper liners, formula, nipples, Pedialyte Batteries, hearing aid and wheelchair Bed-wetting prevention devices Birth control implants (Norplant) Braces Breast pumps and kits Breast pads (disposable and reusable) Canes Cannula, nasal Casts, foam padding inside, any part of cast Catheters, catheter tubes, and bags

Cold packs

Colostomy devices

Contact lenses (prescrip-CPAP (pumps air into lungs when patient stops breathing) CPM device (continuous passive motion device used during and after surgery to keep joint mobile) Crutches Diabetic items when used for testing, monitoring and treatment of diabetes: blood glucose monitoring machines, insulin, blood test strips, sugar test tablets, clinitest tablets, lancets (needles for finger pricking), Tes-Tape, urine glucose test strips, urine ketone test strips Dialysis treatment equipment and supplies Diapers, briefs and inserts, (cloth or disposable) Douche kits Elastic bandages Elastic stockings Elastic supports (wrist, ankle, knee, etc.) Eyeglasses, prescription Feeding pumps and supplies Feminine hygiene products Fever thermometers (oral, rectal or ear) Finger pricking devices (for diabetes) Glasses, prescription Gloves (cloth, rubber, vinyl) Hearing aids and batteries Heating pads Heel protectors Hospital beds and mattresses Hospital gowns

Hot water bottles Hot packs Hypodermic syringes Ice bags Incontinent briefs and inserts (incontinent bed pads are taxed) Infant products (see Baby) Inflatable rubber rings (medical) Infra-red lamps and bulbs Infusion pumps and supplies Insoles for shoes Intravenous tubes IUD's Latex gloves Leg bags Medical atomizers Medijector (same as hypodermic syringe) Nasal cannula Nebulizers Needles and syringes for therapeutic use Neuromuscular stimulators Nurses' caps and uniforms Nursing pads (disposable or reusable) Oxygen (for medical use) Oxygen concentrator Oxygen masks Oxygen regulator Oxygen tanks (for medical use) Oxygen tents Oxygenators Panty shields or liners Paper hats Pedialyte Prescription drugs Prescription eye wear Probe covers for thermometers Pulmo-aid (when used in conjunction with nebulizer) Resuscitators Rubber aloves Rubber rings (medical) Sanitary napkins

Shoe insoles Scooters (for handicapped use) Slings Slippers **Splints** Suction pumps Suspensories Syringes (fountain, rectal, ear, etc.) **Tampons** TENS units Thermometers (oral, rectal, ear) Thermometer probe cov-Three wheel scooters or carts (for handicapped use) Tracheostomy supplies Traction devices Trusses Ultrasonic nebulizer Vaginal preparations and douche liquids, powders and kits (for hygiene purposes) Vaporizers (general home humidifiers are taxable) Walkers Wheelchairs Wheelchair batteries Wheelchair cushions

Related fact sheets that may be of interest:

Wheelchair safety belts

- 118 Hospital and Nursing Home Meals
- 132 Occasional Sales of Business Equipment and Goods
- 151 Chiropractors

Taxable products

Contact lens solutions

The following items are examples of taxable products. Keep in mind that any prescription drugs and medicines (see page 1) are exempt, as well as supplies purchased by a licensed health care facility or professional, if the supplies are applied directly to the patient or resident (see page 4).

Adjustable height toilet Contraceptives KM (food supplement) Copies of medical re-Laboratory equipment, seats supplies and reagents AIDS testing kits cords Air conditioners and puri-Cosmetics Lancets (except when Cotton applicators (Qused for testing and monitoring diabetes) Alcohol tips) **Amplifiers** Cough syrups, drops, and Laxatives Anesthesia equipment lozenges (unless the Lift chairs **Antacids** main ingredient is an Lights (bed, exam, etc.) analgesic - see page **Antiseptics** Liniments Apnea monitors Listening devices for TV, Appetite suppressants Cubicle curtains telephones, cassette and stimulants Cups for dispensing recorders Atomizers for cosmetic medications Masks (filter) and grooming use Massage appliances and Cushions Autoclaves Dehumidifiers furniture Baby needs such as bot-Dental, oral hygiene Mattress pads products Medic alert bracelets tle sterilizers, car Deodorants seats, disposable Medical forms wipes, furniture, Q-Diagnostic and monitor-Medical records (includtips, toys, Dreft ing equipment (except ing retrieval fee) Baby wipes diabetic) Medication carts Dietary supplements Medication dispensers Back massagers Band-Aids and bandages such as vitamins and Minerals Bath blankets minerals Mini dopplers (diagnostic Bathtub lift Disinfectants device used to meas-Bathtub whirlpools ure blood flow and Ear drops Battery testers Ear plugs (custom or rate) Bed blocks regular) Needles and syringes for Electronic air purifiers diagnostic use Bed pans Bed wedge cushions No-skid strips Emesis basins Beds and mattresses - all Enema preparations Nonprescription eye wear kinds except hospital Exam tables Nose pads beds Exercise equipment Ostioscopes Ben-Gav Oxygen tanks (for non-Eye solutions, drops, Billie lights (used for baointments, and medical use) bies with yellow jaunwashes Parallel bars dice) Eye charts Patient lifts Birth control devices, Face masks Percussor/pulsator nonprescription Fiber optic instruments Pesticides and insect Blankets Filter masks repellents Blood pressure machines Finger pricking devices **Pillows** (except used for dia-Portable toilets and cuffs Body creams and lotions Pregnancy test kits Burn remedies First-aid products and kits Privacy curtains Carts Food supplements Prone cart (patients lie Chapstick Foot sprays, creams, on) Cleaning supplies and powders, medications Rectal preparations chemicals **Forceps** Rubs (Vicks, Ben-Gay, Closed caption devices Gauze pads and strips etc.) Cold decongestants, an-Genetic test kits Scales tihistamines, and Grab bars Scissors aerosol inhalants Hair care items Shaving products (unless the main in-Hand creams and lotions Sheeting (plastic and gredient is an analge-Heat lamps rubber) Home pregnancy tests Shopping bags or sic - see page 1) Colognes and perfumes Humidifiers (general pouches for wheel-Combs home) chairs or walkers Commodes Incontinent pads (to place Shower chairs and stools Communication devices on bed or furniture) Silicone gel Insect repellents Sleeping pills Condoms

Intravenous stands

Shampoo

Slings to lift patients Specimen bags Specimen containers Stethoscopes Sun lamps Sunscreens Suntan preparations Suppositories (unless analgesic) Surgical equipment Surgical laser devices Surgical needles Syringes and needles for diagnostic use Tape Telephone amplifiers Telephone devices for hearing impaired Therapeutic pillows Therapy tables Tilt tables **Timers Tissues** Toilet seats Tongue depressors Transfer belts Transfer benches Trays Tubs Ultrasound gels Ultra-violet (sun) lamps and bulbs Urinals Vacuum tubes for diagnostic use Vaseline Visine Vitamins (nonprescrip-Waterproof sheeting Weights Wet wipes Wheelchair pouches Wheelchair ramps (see page 5 for refund information) Whirlpool baths X-ray equipment and film Yeast infection medications

Purchases by hospitals, nursing homes and outpatient surgical centers

Nonprofit hospitals. Purchases by licensed nonprofit hospitals are exempt from sales and use taxes. To be exempt, the hospital must be organized and operated for charitable purposes within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and be licensed as a hospital under Chapter 144 of the Minnesota Statutes. To claim exemption, a copy of the exemption letter issued by the Department of Revenue should be given to the seller.

If the hospital is located outside Minnesota, it must be licensed as a hospital by the other state or country.

Hospital components such as clinics, rehabilitation centers, outpatient surgical centers, and ambulance services may qualify for exemption if they have been formally approved to operate under the hospital's license and Medicare certification. Billing for Medicare services must be through the hospital's Medicare provider number. Medical facilities that are separate legal entities, or that are not hospital components, are not exempt under this provision.

Purchases made by units that perform administrative functions, dietary services, janitorial services, laboratory, x-ray and pharmacy services are exempt if they are a part of and operated by the same legal entity as the qualifying hospital. If these units are separate legal entities or are not hospital components, they are not exempt under this provision and must pay tax.

Nursing homes, supervised living facilities, and boarding care homes are not included in this exemption because they are not licensed under Chapter 144 of Minnesota Statutes. However, other sales tax exemptions may apply. such as for medical supplies (described in the next section) or for nonprofit organizations.

Nonprofit surgical centers are exempt if the purchases are used in providing outpatient surgical care and urgent care at the center. To claim exemption, a copy of the exemption letter issued by the Department of Revenue should be given to the seller.

Government facilities. Purchases by hospitals and nursing homes owned and operated by local governments, or the University of Minnesota, are exempt.

Exclusions. These exemptions for nonprofit hospitals and government facilities do not apply to meals, lodging, or motor vehicles leased or purchased by a hospital or nursing home. The exemptions do not apply to construction materials purchased by a contractor as part of a lump sum contract with a hospital or nursing home.

Purchases by licensed health care facilities and professionals

Non-exempt health care facilities such as clinics, physicians' offices, rehabilitation centers, ambulance services, and any other medical facilities that do not qualify for the exemptions explained in the previous section, must pay sales or use tax on the purchase, lease or rental of taxable items, such as:

- taxable medical equipment and furniture
- administrative supplies and equipment such as computers, software, furniture for rooms and offices, safety equipment, toys and books
- medical manuals, books, charts and pamphlets
- taxable services such as building and grounds cleaning and maintenance, laundry, and paging services
- laboratory supplies and equipment.

Sales tax is generally charged by the seller at the time of sale. However, if the seller does not charge Minnesota sales tax on equipment, supplies, or other taxable items used in your business, you must pay use tax. Use tax is due on your cost of the item. Report state and local use tax electronically at the same time you file your sales and use tax return. See Fact Sheet 146, Use Tax for Businesses, for more information

Medical supplies. Purchases of medical supplies by a licensed health care facility or licensed health care professional are exempt from tax if they are used directly on patients or residents as part of treatment. This exemption applies to adhesive and nonadhesive bandages, gauze pads and strips, cotton applicators, antiseptics, nonprescription drugs, eye solutions and other similar supplies used directly on residents or patients in providing medical services.

This exemption does not apply to items such as tongue depressors, lancets, electrodes, and rolls of paper to cover exam tables. Even though these items have direct contact with the patient, they are not used as part of treatment, but rather are used for diagnostic or sanitary purposes.

This exemption also does not apply to medical equipment, components of medical equipment, tools including scalpels or clamps, laboratory supplies, radiological supplies, and other items that are not applied directly to the patient or resident.

Feminine hygiene products

Feminine hygiene products such as tampons, feminine napkins and douche kits are exempt. Nonprescription medications such as yeast infection medications are taxable.

Food, diet and nutritional products

General grocery store type food is not taxable. Meal substitutes labeled with "Nutrition Facts" are not taxable. Dietary supplements, including vitamins and minerals, labeled with "Supplement Facts" are taxable. See Fact Sheets 102A through 102E for more information about food and beverage products.

Note: All food and drinks sold through vending machines or prepared by the seller are taxable.

Pharmaceutical samples

Items listed in this fact sheet as exempt are also exempt from sales or use tax when given by manufacturers or distributors as samples. Drugs and medicines labeled, "Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription," that can be distributed only by a licensed physician are exempt from tax when given as samples. Accounting records must clearly identify exempt samples from taxable samples.

If a manufacturer gives free samples of taxable items to distributors in Minnesota, the manufacturer owes Minnesota tax on their cost of the samples. If a manufacturer sells samples to Minnesota distributors who will give them away, the tax is due on the manufacturer's selling price to the distributors.

Medical records

Charges for copies of medical records by health care facilities are taxable. The taxable amount includes retrieval fees even if these fees are separately stated on the invoice.

Meals and general sales

Meals and snacks provided to patients as part of their routine care and included in a hospital's charges are exempt from tax. Meals and snacks sold in the cafeteria, coffee shop, at a candy stand, in vending machines, or elsewhere, are taxable to residents, employees and visitors. Crafts, flowers, cards, books, magazines and other items sold in hospital gift shops or stands are also taxable.

Sales to nonprofit organizations

Qualifying nonprofit organizations may make purchases without paying tax by giving you the following:

- Nonprofit hospitals and nonprofit outpatient surgical centers must give you a copy of their exemption letter issued by the Department of Revenue.
- Charitable, religious and educational organizations must give you a Certificate of Exemption, Form ST3, to claim exemption.

Sales to governments

All sales to the *federal* government, its agencies and instrumentalities are exempt.

No sales tax should be charged on any medical equipment or supplies that are billed directly to and paid for by Medical Assistance (MA), General Assistance Medical Care (GAMC), or Medicare.

Don't charge sales tax to Minnesota state agencies. The State of Minnesota uses a Direct Pay Permit, which means state agencies do not pay tax to the seller on most purchases. (They pay the Department of Revenue directly.) The University of Minnesota is an exempt organization and should not be charged sales tax on health products. See Fact Sheet 142, Sales to Governments, for more information.

Purchases of items by hospitals and nursing homes and purchases of medical supplies and equipment by ambulance services owned and operated by local governments are exempt. Purchases of items by schools and school districts are exempt. Most sales to other local governments (cities, counties, etc.) are taxable. See Fact Sheet 143, Cities, Counties, and Other Local Governments, for more information.

Billing procedures

If a health care item is taxable, charge tax when billing individuals or insurance companies. Sales to government agencies and nonprofit organizations should follow the above guidelines.

Chair lifts, ramps and elevators

You may claim a refund of sales tax paid on a chair lift, ramp or elevator installed at your homesteaded residence if it is authorized by a physician. To apply for a refund, file a Special Purchase Refund Claim, Form ST-11P, and attach a physician's prescription for the items purchased and copies of vendor invoices showing the tax was paid. Form ST-11P is available on our web site or call our office for a copy.

Handicapped-accessible vehicles

If a vehicle is modified to make it handicapped accessible, parts, accessories and the labor to modify it are exempt from tax. To claim exemption on a vehicle that you're buying, attach a statement describing the modifications and their value to the application for title.

If the modifications are made after the vehicle is purchased, the purchaser must give the seller a Certificate of Exemption, Form ST3.

Equipment sales

If you sell or lease equipment or other items that were used in your business, the sale may be subject to tax. For additional information, see Fact Sheet 132, Occasional Sales of Business Equipment and Goods.

Local sales and use taxes

If you are located in an area with a local tax, local sales or use tax may also be due. Local taxes are listed and explained in detail in Fact Sheet 164, Local Sales and Use Taxes.

Duluth administers its own sales tax. For more information, contact Duluth Sales Tax, 105 City Hall, Duluth, MN 55802, phone 218-723-3271.

References

M. S. 297A.67, Subd. 7

M. S. 297A.70, Subd. 2

M. S. 297A.70, Subd. 7

M. S. 62A.46.Subd. 7, Physician

Revenue Notice 98-02, Hospital Exemption

Other fact sheets you may need:

Local Sales and Use Taxes, #164